



[HJR25-1004](#)

SHORT TITLE: Water Project Eligibility Lists

LONG TITLE: Concerning approval of water project revolving fund eligibility lists administered by the Colorado water resources and power development authority.

SPONSORS: Representatives McCormick and Winter/Senators Roberts and Simpson

COMMITTEES: House Agriculture, Water & Natural Resources, Senate Agriculture & Natural Resources

PURPOSE OF THE BILL: To approve the list of projects eligible to receive funding from the Colorado water resources and power development authority.

PROPONENTS OF THE BILL: Water and Power Authority, water project sponsors

POTENTIAL STAKEHOLDERS: Water providers and users, water treatment facilities, local governments including special districts

BACKGROUND: The Drinking Water Revolving Fund and the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund are managed by the Colorado Water and Power Authority, a quasi-governmental authority created by statute to provide low-cost financing for water projects. All 50 states plus Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia maintain two similar funds to manage funding provided the EPA which is matched by 20% contribution from the state.

Is this bill necessary this year (is there a deadline)? Yes. Pursuant to 37-91-107.8 (4) (b) C.R.S. additions and modifications to the list must be developed by the Water Quality Control Commission and submitted to the legislation on or before January 15 each year; a joint resolution must be adopted by both chambers of the General Assembly by April 1 and presented to the Governor pursuant to the Colorado Constitution. The Water Quality Control Commission may amend the list at any time to include emergency projects needed to prevent or address threats to public health and environment. The Governor must sign the adopted resolution on or before April 1 of each year.

How does the bill change current law? Certain projects had been previously approved as to eligibility. This bill adds new projects, deletes some, and modifies the scope of others which are eligible to receive funds.

Does the bill affect the prior appropriations system? No

How is the bill implemented? Communities apply for funding eligibility for infrastructure projects to study feasibility, develop, or improve facilities for supplying and treating drinking water and wastewater, in some cases acquiring water rights. Once on the eligibility list, they can apply for low interest loans. Loans may also receive a reduced interest rate if the project qualifies as "Green" and if the "Green" requirement has not been met by the Authority. Loans of over \$3,000,000 are usually leveraged loans, which require the issuance of municipal bonds. These loans will have subsidized interest rates ranging from 70-80% of current market rates.

Practical considerations: How can communities use these funds to leverage other financial opportunities to build projects?

Fiscal Impact: No fiscal note, this is just the list of projects eligible to receive funding